Sig. of Supdt.		CHE (I	-XI-1601 T CMISTRY Part - I) New Course)	· 1	Roll No		
				Fic.	#		
				Fic.	#		
Total Marks:	85		EMISTRY	•	Time	Allowed: 3 Hrs.	
Marks: 18 NOTE: Sec should be co Overwriting	tion-A is compulsory mpleted in the given t is not allowed. Do no	(Fresh Sec. All parts of the time and hander t use lead pend	ed over to the Co oil.	answered on tentre Superinte	endent. Del	eting / .	
	TE : Insert the corr		•	*			
Q.1 Insert ti i-	ne correct option (a, b, c The molar volume of th (a) 1 atm	, d) in the empty ne He is 89.dm³ (b) 0.5 a	at 0°C and	ach part. Each p 0.25 atm	art carries o	ne mark. 4 alm	
ii-	Which of the following (a) Gram		amu gram (c)	 Microgram	(d)	Gram/liter	
iii-	CO ₂ is isostructural wi	th (b) C₂H		NO ₂	(d)	BeCl ₂	
iv-	All of the following hav	ve crystals excer (b) NaC		 KBr	(d)	CdS	
V-	Molar heat of vaporiza (a) 6 KJ/mol	ation for water		40.7 KJ	(d)	None of these	р
vi-	The shape of H ₃ O+ (H (a) Planner			Trigonal plai		Trigonal pyramic	dal
· vii-	K _f is the molal freezing	g point constant			constant	•	Ь
viii-	When a substance the	at has absorbed	energy emits it ir				Ь
	(a) Continuous	(b) Line		Emișsion	(d)	Absorption	a
ix-	When heat is absorbe (a) Reversible	(b) Me	chanical (c)		(d)	Endothermic	a
Х-	A cation is a / an (a) Acid	(b) Bas	se (c)	Amphoteric		None of these	
Xİ-	In which of the follow	ing values of K₅,	the reaction goes	s to completion i	in the forwar	a direction	b
• xii-	(a) 10 ² Which of the following	(b) 10 ³ g is more volatilo		•••	(d)	1 '	a
xiii-	(a) CHBr ₃ The oxidation numbe	(b) CB			(d)	CCI ₄	d
	(a) +3	(b) 3	(c)		(d).	+2	
' xiv-	The freezing point of (a) Higher	solution as com		ent is	(d)	Remain the sa	me
XV-	Ways of expressing	lhe concentratio	n of a solution do	es not depend o	n temperatu		. [Б]
xvi-	(a) Molarity The strongest base a	among the follow			(d)	·	C
xvii-	(a) Rb OH The specific rate cor	(b) KC stant has			(d) ration of the	LiOH reactants.	a
xviii-	(a) Fixed Salt of strong acids	(b) Va	riable (c) Negligible	(d)	None of these	<u>a</u>
() ((a) Acidic		nsic (c) Neutral	(d)	Amphoteric	

(Part - I)

(Fresh / New Course)

Total Marks: 67

Time Allowed: 2:40 Hrs.

Section - B

Marks: 40

Write short answers of any TEN of the following parts. Each part carries equal marks.

- Explain why exothermic reactions are spontaneous? (i)
- (ii) Explain salt hydrolysis with examples.
- (iii) Explain order of reaction.
- Differentiate between ionic and covalent solids. (iv)
- What is the difference between electrolytic and electrolytic conduction? (v)
- Derive the solubility product expression for slightly soluble Al(OH)3 and PbCrO4. (vi)
- Discuss the relation between K_p and K_x. (vii)
- Discuss properties of gases on the basis of kinetic molecular theory. (viii)
- Describe the effect of temperature on rate of reaction. (ix)
- How much energy is lost when an electron in hydrogen atom jumps from n2=3 to (x) $n_1 = 1?$
- Write note on the applications of plasma. (xi)
- Discuss the principle quantum numbers. (xii)
- (xiii) Explain the structure of acetylene on the basis of hybridization.

Section - C

Marks: 27

NOTE: Attempt any THREE questions. Each question carries equal marks.

- Explain the valence bond theory. Q. 3 (a)
 - (b) Derive the expression for calculation of energy of electron in an orbit.
- Q. 4 Explain Daniel cell in detail. (a)
 - (b) Balance the following reaction by redox method. $KMnO_4 + KNO_2 + H_2SO_4 \longrightarrow MnSO_4 + KNO_3 + K_2SO_4 + H_2O_4$
- Q: 5 (a) Discuss Linde's method for liquification of gases.
 - Write down the postulates of Plank's Quantum theory.
- Write short note on the following. Q. 6
 - (a) Characteristics of catalysts
 - (b) Hydrogen bonding and its applications