CHEMISTRY Part-I Time: 20 Minutes Marks: 18 Multiple Choice Questions 01 Mark for each Paper Code Roll No. of the Student Student Serial No. Of the Answer Book

SECTION-A

l	٧	'n	ŧ	•	
	1	v	•	•	

- 1) Attempting all MCQs is compulsory. This paper along with the OMR sheet must be returned to the superintendent after due time.
- 2) Fill the circle (1000), which one is correct with blue or black ball point, in this sheet as well as in separate OMR Sheet like

3) If more than one circle in the OMR sheet is filled then no credit will be given to such answer.

		•.					
I.i.	Gum in water is a type of	ı		·. ·	•	٠.,	
	A coarse mixture	B	A suspension		A colloidal dispersion	(b)	A true solution
iľ.	When Imole of solute dis	solved	l in 500cm³ of solution	on its c	oncentration will be.		
	(A) IM		2M	0	8M	(0)	4M
iii.	The flow of solvent mole	cules t	o the solution is call	ed.			· .
	Reverse osmosis		Endo osmosis	0	Exoosmosis	0	Parallel osmosis
iv.	Which one of the following	ng pro	cess has ΔH positive	?			•
	 Ionization energy 		Electron affinity	©	Combustion	(Exothermic reaction
v.	SHE act as Anode when	couple	d with elements havi	ing.			
•	Positive reduction potential	(8)	Negative reduction potential	0	Zero reduction potential	©	Standard reduction potential
vi.	The oxidation number of	"C1" i	n Helor is.		•		
	⊗ -1	(8)	+1	ૢૢૢૢૢ	+3	40	+5
vii.	The largest number of m	olecul	es are present in.				
•	(A) 44g of Co ₂	(B)	18g of H ₂ O		360g of CHO 6126	(b)	1 mole of SO ₂
viii.	Which particle is 1842 ti	mes a	s heavy as Electron.	9%_	•		
	Proton		Neutron	©	Photon	0	X-rays
ix.	Which set of four quantu	m nur			tron in 3P orbitals.	444	1
٠.	(A) $n=3$, $l=2$, $m=1$, $s=+\frac{1}{2}$	(8)	n=3, l=1, m=3,s= 2	. 4	n=3, l=1, m=3,s= +-2	(n=3, l=0, m=,0,s=+">
×.	The molar volume of CC) ₂ gas		3			
	(A) 44.8dm ³		22.4dm ³		60dm ³	(11.2dm ³
хi.	According to Plank's Qu	iantun	i theory Energy abso	rbed in	case of light is called	l, _	
	Wave Packets	(B)	Unit Waves	0	Pulse of Energy		Photons
xii.	Points where the possibi	lity of	finding electron is z	ero is c	alled.	_	
	Node	⑧	Orbit	0	Orbital	(0)	Lobes
xiii.	An unhybridized P-orbi	tais ov			1	يعشر	
	\bigcirc π bond	3		0	Co-ordinate bond		
xiv.	22.4dm ³ of a gas at 273			.02x10	molecules. This sta	teme	nt refers to.
٠.			Boyle's Law	•	Avogadro's Law	.0	Ideal Gas Law
· xv	. By increasing the exterr	ial Pre				_	.
•	Increases	(3)	* *	0	Remain constant	(b)	Reduced
xvi.	. The apparent shape of t	he cry				_	
	Cleavage plane	(1)		e . 🗬	Method & Conditions	0	All of them
. xvii	, -						A 11 - Cab
			x-ray diffraction	©	Spectral Studies	©	All of them
xviii	a N	_		_			V-Va
		•	Δn=0	0	RT ^{Δn} =1	4	Kp>Kc

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CHEMISTRY Part-I

Note: Time allowed for section B and C is 2 hours and 40 minutes.

		SECTION "B"	Marks: 40
I.	Attempt	any Ten Parts out of the following. Each Part carries equal marks.	
	i. V	What is (n+1) rule? Write down electronic configuration of Cu=29.	
	ii. (Calculate the molarity of NaoH solution when 20g NaoH dissolved in 250ml water.	٠,٠ .
· · .	iii. I	Balance the following equation by oxidation reduction method.	
	· i	$Fe + V_2 O_3 \longrightarrow Fe_2 O_3 + VO$	
	•	i. $MnO_2 + Hel \longrightarrow Mnel_2 + Cl_2 + H_2O$	
	iv.	Give reason exothermic reactions are always spontaneous.	-Man of
•		A solution contain 2moles of Alcohols & 18g of H ₂ O. Calculate the mole fra	ction of
•		alcohol & water.	is added?
	vi.	How buffer solution resists change in PH when small amount of acid or base How K_c value can be used to predict the direction of a reaction.	101124
		Define the following terms.	
	•	i. Geometrical Shape. ii. Anisotropy iii. Cleavage Plane iv. S	ymmetry
		Discuss four factors that affects the viscosity of Liquids.	
	x.	Total pressure of a gaseous mixture depends upon total number of moles of	mixture
		iustify the statement.	
	хi.	Calculate the mass of 1dm ³ of NH ₃ gas at 30°c & 1000mm Hg pressure cons	idering NH ₃ is
		behaving ideally?	
	xii.	Why oxygen molecule is Paramagnetic in nature?	
	xiii.	What are the short comings of Bohr's atomic model.	**
	•		
	•	SECTION "C"	
•	•	SECTION "C"	Marks: 27
Nate	Attempt an	y Three questions of the following. All question carries equal Marks.	
			4
	III. (a)		
	, (p)	When steam is passed over red hot carbon it gives water gas	
•		$H_{2}\cup_{(g)}+C_{(s)}\longrightarrow CO+H_2$. Which one is limitting reagent if 49g of early	on mixed with
	•	3.78 moles of H ₂ O vapours also calculate maximum amount of product	formed.
	IV. (a)	Calculate the energy difference between two energy levels in terms.	4
(b .)		(a) Frequency (b) Wave number	
	(b)	What is spectrum differentiate between contineous & line spectrum.	· 5.
	V. (a)	a to the transfer of a transfer of the transfe	.4
	(b)	a continuid 0.2 male of other alcohol is	heated 5
	(0)	up to 100c". Calculate the mole acetate at equilibrium. Ke=4	
		CH ₃ COOH+C ₂ H ₅ OH ⇒ CH ₃ COOC ₂ H ₅ +H ₂ O	
	171 · /·)		5
	VI. (a)		
		L. Raic of tenerion	
•		## Co-t-last on anti- of regation	
	(b)	Discuss role of i. Temperature ii. Catalyst on rate of reaction.	